

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2023

Pearson Edexcel GCSE In Physics (1SC0) Paper 1PF

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Mark schemes have been developed so that the rubrics of each mark scheme reflects the characteristics of the skills within the AO being targeted and the requirements of the command word. So for example the command word `Explain' requires an identification of a point and then reasoning/justification of the point.

Explain questions can be asked across all AOs. The distinction comes whether the identification is via a judgment made to reach a conclusion, or, making a point through application of knowledge to reason/justify the point made through application of understanding. It is the combination and linkage of the marking points that is needed to gain full marks.

When marking questions with a 'describe' or 'explain' command word, the detailed marking guidance below should be consulted to ensure consistency of marking.

Assessment Objective		Command Word		
Strand	Element	Describe	Explain	
A01*		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description	An explanation that links identification of a point with reasoning/justification(s) as required	
AO2		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description, showing application of knowledge and understanding	An explanation that links identification of a point (by applying knowledge) with reasoning/justification (application of understanding)	
AO3	1a and 1b	An answer that combines points of interpretation/evaluation to provide a logical description		
AO3	2a and 2b		An explanation that combines identification via a judgment to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning	
AO3	За	An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description of the plan/method/experiment		
A03	3b		An explanation that combines identifying an improvement of the experimental procedure with a linked justification/reasoning	

*there will be situations where an AO1 question will include elements of recall of knowledge directly from the specification (up to a maximum of 15%). These will be identified by an asterisk in the mark scheme.

Question Number	Answer		Additional guidance	Mark
1 (a) (i)	type of radiation	use of radiation		(3) AO1
	infrared visible light microwaves ultraviolet	satellite transmission disinfecting water colour photography scanning for broken bones	award one mark for each correct line up to three marks reject for a mark two lines starting or ending at the same box	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1 (a)(ii)	C ultraviolet A (infrared), B (microwaves) and D (visible light) all have frequencies below that of ultraviolet	(1) AO1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1 (b)(i)	an explanation linking		(2) AO1
	(X-rays/they) pass through/penetrate (the bags/cases) (1)	accept see through	
	to see contents/to show objects of greater density (1)	accept look/see inside accept see contents/check inside	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1 (b)(ii)	an explanation linking X-rays/they are ionising (1)	accept harmful/dangerous accept a description of ionising accept high energy accept kill/damage cells	(2) AO2
	cause cancer/mutations (of cells/DNA) (1)		

Total for question 1 = 8mark

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (a (i))	B QR (horizontal line)	(1) AO3
	 A PQ is incorrect it shows constant acceleration C RS is incorrect it shows constant acceleration D ST is incorrect it shows constant deceleration 	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (a)(ii)	A PQ (steeper slope shows greater acceleration)	(1) AO3
	 B QR is incorrect it shows zero acceleration C RS is incorrect as slope is less steep than for PQ D ST is incorrect as the slope is less steep than for PQ and shows deceleration 	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
2	substitution (1)		(2)
(a)(iii)	(a=) <u>15(-0)</u>	15 seen	AO3
	10		
		allow 10 divided by any number between 6 and 7 for this mark	
	evaluation (1) 1.5 (m/s²)		
		award full marks for the	
		correct answer with no	
		working	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (a)(iv)	indication that distance travelled = area under graph (1)	may be seen on graph accept distance = speed x time ignore speed = <u>distance</u> time	(3) AO3
	substitution (1) (distance travelled =) 10 x 15 evaluation (1) 150 (m)	award full marks for the correct answer with no working award 2 marks for 10 x 15	
		seen anywhere if no other marks awarded, 1 mark for use of 15 (m/s) or 10 (s)	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)	substitution (1) (F=) 1200 x 2.4		(2) AO2
	evaluation (1) 2900 (N)	accept 2880 (N)	
		award one mark for power of ten error	
		award full marks for the correct answer with no working	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3 a (i)	C 1 +1	(1) AO1
	 A is incorrect the proton has a mass of 1 not 0 B is incorrect the proton has a mass of 1 not 0 D is incorrect the proton has a charge of +1 not -1 	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 a(ii)	substitution (1) ratio = $\frac{10^{-10}}{10^{-15}}$	10 ⁻¹⁰ : 10 ⁻¹⁵	(2) AO2
	evaluation (1) 10 ⁵	accept suitable equivalent ratios e.g. 1×10^5 : 1 $1: 10^{-5}$ or 10^5 : 1 1: 0.00001 or $100000:1allow 1 mark for invertedratios e.g.10^{-15}: 10^{-10}0.00001:1$ or $1:100000award full marks for thecorrect answer with noworking$	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 a(iii)	an explanation linking		(2) AO1
	same number / amount of (1)	equal number / amount of	
		allow balanced (number / amount of)	
	electrons and protons (1)	negative and positive charges ignore (neutral) neutrons	
		reject positive/negative neutrons for 2 nd marking point	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (b)(i)	6 / six		(1) AO1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (b)ii	8 / eight		(1) AO2

Question	Answer	Additional	Mark
Number		guidance	
3 (b)(iii)	indication of horizontal line between 14 and 16 and / or vertical line between 5250 and 6250 (1) 35 30 25 30 25 30 25 30 25 30 25 30 25 30 25 30 25 30 25 30 25	accept alternative indications e.g. cross on curve accept any halving pairs	(2) AO3
	20 - 15 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1	e.g. going between 20 cpm and 10 cpm	
	time in years		
	value between 5250 (years) and 6250 (years) inclusive (1)	award full marks for the	
		correct answer with no working	

Total for question 3 = 9 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4 (a)(i)	B the line shows the amplitude	(1) AO1
	A is incorrect the line shows twice the amplitudeC is incorrect the line shows half the wavelengthD is incorrect the line shows the wavelength	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (a)(ii)	an explanation linking vibration/oscillation (1) perpendicular / at right angles / 90° (to the direction of travel of the wave/direction of energy transfer) (1)	accept up and down	(2) AO1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (b)(i)	a description including		(2) AO1
	count the number of		
	waves/ripples (1)		
	(that pass a point) in a certain time (1)		
	OR		
	measure the time for a certain number of waves/ripples (1)		
	use of f = 1/T (1)		
		accept use of numerical values	
		calculate the number of waves that pass the point in	
		a second scores 2 marks	

Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
a description including any two from		(2) AO1
the waves/ripples are made to look stationary (1)	using camera, video, strobe light, stroboscope, mobile, phone, photo(graph)	
measure the distance across a number of waves/wave fronts/ripples (1)	accept measure the distance across a number of lines	
calculate the wavelength from the measurements (1)	divide distance by the number of waves/ripples	
	accept the idea of measuring the distance between one wave/ripple/line and another (successive) wave/ripple/line for 2	
	a description including any two from the waves/ripples are made to look stationary (1) measure the distance across a number of waves/wave fronts/ripples (1) calculate the wavelength from the	a description including any two fromthe waves/ripples are made to look stationary (1)using camera, video, strobe light, stroboscope, mobile, phone, photo(graph)measure the distance across a number of waves/wave fronts/ripples (1)accept measure the distance across a number of linescalculate the wavelength from the measurements (1)divide distance by the number of waves/ripples accept the idea of measuring the distance between one wave/ripple/line and another (successive)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4	substitution (1)		(3)
(c)	0.8 =f x 4.0	(f =) <u>0.8</u> 4.0	AO2
		allow correct substitution into seen incorrect rearrangement	
	rearrangement and evaluation (1) 0.2 (Hz)		
		award 2 marks for the correct answer with no working	
	unit (1) Hz / s ⁻¹ / per sec	accept hz or hertz	
		independent mark accept recognisable spelling	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)	B distance		(1) AO1
	A,C , and D are incorrect as these are vector quantities		

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (b)(i)	A description to include any 4 from:		(4) AO1
	measure height (1)	allow 'keep same height' allow in this context hold against (fixed point) on metre rule	
	measure time of fall (1)	allow 'time it'	
	use (average) speed = distance /time (1)		
	repeat with different number of cupcake cases in the stack/more cupcake cases (1)	accept cupcakes for cupcake cases	
	repeat and average time (of fall for each stack of cupcake cases) (1)		
	plot a graph (speed of fall against number of cupcake cases dropped) (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5	substitution (1)		(2)
(b)(ii)	(W=)0.005 x 10		AO2
	evaluation (1)		
	0.05 (N)	5 x 10 ⁻² (N)	
		do not allow power of ten error	
		award full marks for the correct answer with no working	
		give full credit for use of g=9.8 or 9.81 N/kg	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (b)(iii)	air resistance weight air resistance arrow (1)	judge by eye any vertical upward arrow outside or inside the cupcake case ignore length of arrow arrow need not touch cupcake holder ignore label on arrow	(1) AO2

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (b) (iv)	zero / there is none / 0 / it has no acceleration	ignore 'constant'	(1) AO2
		ignore units	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)	substitution (1) (change in velocity=) 3 x 7 evaluation (1) 21 (m/s)	award full marks for the correct answer with no working	(2) AO2

Total for question 5 = 11 marks

(3)
AO2
t

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6	substitution(1)		(2)
(a)(ii)	(KE=) $\frac{1}{2}$ x 0.42 x 12 ²		AO2
	evaluation (1)		
	30(J)	allow 30.2(4) (J)	
		award 1 mark for 30 240 (J)	
		award 1 mark for 2.52(J)	
		award 1 mark for 60.5 (J)	
		award full marks for the correct	
		answer with no working	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6 (a)(iii)	A description including: KE/kinetic (energy store) (1)	allow mechanically / mechanical transfer	(2) AO2
	(transfers to) and one of:		
	elastic (potential energy store) (1)	ignore reference to gravitational potential energy	
	OR		
	thermal (energy of ball/wall/surroundings) (1)	allow heat for thermal allow sound in this context	
	OR		
	dissipates (to surroundings) (1)	ignore reference to the ground	

Question	Indicative content	Mark
number 6*(b)	Answers will be credited according to candidate's	(6)
5 (5)	deployment of knowledge and understanding of the	(0) AO2,
	material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in	AO3
	the generic mark scheme.	
	The indicative content below is not prescriptive and	
	candidates are not required to include all the material	
	which is indicated as relevant. Additional content	
	included in the response must be scientific and relevant. AO2,AO3	
	Non-renewable sources of energy	
	trend: less used/decrease in use (between 2012	
	and 2019)	
	fossil fuels	
	coal, gas, oil	
	are running out / finite resource / sustainability	
	argument	
	produce carbon dioxide/ sulphur dioxide/	
	greenhouse gases (when burned) in power	
	stations	
	cause pollution/ smoke particles /damage to the	
	environment	
	causes climate change / global warming	
	production of greenhouse gases needs to be	
	reduced (for Britain to become carbon neutral)	
	nuclear fuels	
	no carbon dioxide produced	
	radioactive waste produced	
	safety concerns	
	Renewable sources of energy	
	trend: more used /increase in use	
	(between 2012 and 2019)	
	renewable and non-renewable about equally	
	used from 2019	
	solar, wind, hydroelectric, tidal, geothermal, wave	
	and biomass	
	never run out / are sustainable	
	do not produce carbon dioxide/ greenhouse	
	gases (except biomass)	
	slow down climate change / global warming	

Level	Mark	Descriptor	
	0	No awardable content	
Level 1	1-2	 Interpretation and evaluation of the information attempted but will be limited with a focus on mainly just one variable. Demonstrates limited synthesis of understanding. (AO3) 	
		• The explanation attempts to link and apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, flawed or simplistic connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)	
Level 2	3-4	 Interpretation and evaluation of the information on both variables, synthesising mostly relevant understanding. (AO3) 	
		• The explanation is mostly supported through linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, some logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)	
Level 3	5-6	• Interpretation and evaluation of the information, demonstrating throughout the skills of synthesising relevant understanding. (AO3)	
		• The explanation is supported throughout by linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)	

Level	Mark	Additional Guidance	General additional guidance – the decision within levels e.g At each level, as well as content, the scientific coherency of what is stated will help place the answer at the top, or the bottom, of that level.
	0	No rewardable material.	
Level 1	1-2	Additional guidance isolated facts about the resources, non- renewable or renewable OR the trend(s) in usage	Possible candidate responses coal is non-renewable and solar is renewable non-renewables are decreasing and renewables are increasing non-renewable resources are higher on
Level 2	3-4	Additional guidance trend(s) AND limited explanation of the renewable trend OR limited explanation of the non-renewable trend	(most of) the graph Possible candidate responses use of renewable resources is increasing because renewables are sustainable OR use of non-renewable resources are decreasing because they cause global warming
Level 3	5-6	Additional guidance both trends AND detailed explanation of one trend AND some explanation of the other trend	<u>Possible candidate responses</u> use of renewable resources are increasing and the use of non- renewable resources are decreasing because non-renewable resources_are running out and wind turbines do not produce carbon dioxide